Aerospray® Gram Reagent A, Decolorizer with Acetone and Fuchsin

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 1 Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Product name : Aerospray® Gram Reagent A, Decolorizer with Acetone and Fuchsin
Product code : SS-041AAF, or SS-141AF diluted with 2-propanol and acetone

1.2. Other means of identification

No additional information available

1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Laboratory chemical, Dyestuff
Recommended use : Professional use only

1.4. Supplier's details

ELITechGroup Inc.
370 West 1700 South
Logan, UT, Cache, 84321
USA
T +1 (435) 752-6011 - F +1 (435) 752-4127
qara_ebs@elitechgroup.com - www.elitechgroup.com

1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number : Contact your distributor or poison control center in your country.
InfoTrac Emergency Response: Calls within the USA, phone: 1-800-535-5053. Calls outside the USA, phone: +1 352-323-3500 (call collect)
Customer ID: #90104 (NOTE: this number is required when a customer calls into either phone number above).

SECTION 2 Hazard Identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Flammable liquid, Category 2	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Carcinogenicity, Category 1B	H350	May cause cancer (Inhalation, oral).
Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B	H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :



Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H350 - May cause cancer (Inhalation, oral).
H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child

Precautionary statements (GHS US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.
P261 - Avoid breathing mist, spray, vapors.
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, eye protection, protective clothing, face protection.
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P312 - Call a POISON CENTER, a doctor if you feel unwell.
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice, Get medical attention.
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use ABC-powder, alcohol resistant foam, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO2), D-powder to extinguish.
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents and/or container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulations.

2.3. Hazards associated with known or reasonably anticipated uses

No additional information available

2.4. Hazards not otherwise classified

No additional information available

2.5. Unknown acute toxicity

No additional information available

SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
2-propanol	CAS-No.: 67-63-0	60 – 90	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
acetone	CAS-No.: 67-64-1	10 – 40	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
1H-imidazole	CAS-No.: 288-32-4	< 1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Repr. 1B, H360 STOT RE 2, H373
C.I. Basic Red 9	CAS-No.: 569-61-9	< 1	Carc. 1B, H350

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4 First aid measures

4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Symptoms/effects : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : May stain the skin. No effects known.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed.

Chronic symptoms : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Other medical advice or treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : ABC powder. Alcohol-resistant foam. BC powder. Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Foam. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Explosion hazard : May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Protection during firefighting	:	Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	:	Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No open flames. No smoking. Stop leak if safe to do so. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage.

For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment	:	Wear recommended personal protective equipment.
Emergency procedures	:	Evacuate unnecessary personnel. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene. Avoid breathing mist, spray, vapors.

For emergency responders

Protective equipment	:	Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. Avoid breathing mist, spray, vapours. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
Emergency procedures	:	Ventilate area. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

6.2. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For containment	:	Absorb spilled material with sand or earth. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Stop leak, if possible without risk.
Methods for cleaning up	:	Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.
Other information	:	Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

See Heading 8,Exposure controls and personal protection,For further information refer to section 13

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling	:	Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No open flames. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing mist, spray, vapors. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Take all necessary technical measures to avoid or minimize the release of the product on the workplace. Limit quantities of product at the minimum necessary for handling and limit the number of exposed workers. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.
Additional hazards when processed	:	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including incompatibilities

Technical measures	:	Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
Storage conditions	:	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep in fireproof place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. Keep only in original container.
Incompatible products	:	Strong bases. Strong acids.
Incompatible materials	:	Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.
Packaging materials	:	Store always product in container of same material as original container.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

2-propanol (67-63-0)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	2-Propanol
ACGIH OEL TWA	200 ppm
ACGIH OEL STEL	400 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	Eye & URT irr; CNS impair
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices	
Local name	2-Propanol
BEI (BLV)	40 mg/l Parameter: Acetone - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift at end of workweek - Notations: B, Ns
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Isopropyl alcohol
OSHA PEL TWA	980 mg/m³
	400 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

acetone (67-64-1)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Acetone
ACGIH OEL TWA	250 ppm
ACGIH OEL STEL	500 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	eye irr; CNS impair; BEI
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024

acetone (67-64-1)	
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices	
Local name	Acetone
BEI (BLV)	25 mg/l Parameter: Acetone - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift - Notations: Ns
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Acetone
OSHA PEL TWA	2400 mg/m³
	1000 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Safety glasses. Gloves.Protective clothing. Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Materials for protective clothing:
Wear protective clothing

Hand protection:				
Wear protective gloves				
Type	**Material**	**Permeation**	**Thickness (mm)**	**Penetration**
Disposable gloves	Latex, Nitrile rubber (NBR)	3 (> 60 minutes)	0.1 - 0.15	

Eye protection:
Chemical goggles or safety glasses

Skin and body protection:
Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:
Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended. [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Color	:	Red
Odor	:	Characteristic
Odor threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	8.7 (8.6 – 8.8)
Melting point	:	Not applicable
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	≈ 70 (56 – 82) °C
Flash point	:	≤ 18 °C
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density at 20°C	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	0.7874 g/l
Solubility	:	Water: Not applicable
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Explosion limits	:	No data available
Particle characteristics	:	No data available

9.2. Data relevant with regard to physical hazard classes (supplemental)

No additional information available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

10.2. Chemical stability

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases.

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SECTION 11 Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

1H-imidazole (288-32-4)	
LD50 oral rat	≈ 970 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
ATE US (oral)	500 mg/kg body weight

C.I. Basic Red 9 (569-61-9)	
LD50 oral rat	3200 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)
ATE US (oral)	3200 mg/kg body weight

2-propanol (67-63-0)	
LD50 oral rat	5840 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	16400 ml/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, 24 h, Rabbit, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	> 10000 ppm (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 6 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	5840 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	12890400 mg/kg body weight

acetone (67-64-1)	
LD50 oral rat	5800 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 15800 mg/kg body weight (24 h, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	76 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, 95% CL: 65,2 - 88,4
ATE US (oral)	5800 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (vapors)	76 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	76 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified
pH: 8.7 (8.6 – 8.8)

1H-imidazole (288-32-4)	
pH	10.5 (7 %)

C.I. Basic Red 9 (569-61-9)	
pH	No data available in the literature

2-propanol (67-63-0)	
pH	No data available in the literature

acetone (67-64-1)	
pH	5 – 6 (20 °C)

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.
pH: 8.7 (8.6 – 8.8)

1H-imidazole (288-32-4)	
pH	10.5 (7 %)

C.I. Basic Red 9 (569-61-9)	
pH	No data available in the literature

2-propanol (67-63-0)	
pH	No data available in the literature

acetone (67-64-1)	
pH	5 – 6 (20 °C)

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer (Inhalation, oral).

C.I. Basic Red 9 (569-61-9)	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen

2-propanol (67-63-0)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

Reproductive toxicity : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

acetone (67-64-1)	
LOAEL (animal/female, F0/P)	11298 mg/kg body weight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: female
NOAEL (animal/male, F0/P)	900 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Remarks on results: other:Generation not specified (migrated information)

STOT-single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2-propanol (67-63-0)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

acetone (67-64-1)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified

1H-imidazole (288-32-4)	
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	60 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

1H-imidazole (288-32-4)	
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available in the literature

C.I. Basic Red 9 (569-61-9)	
Viscosity, kinematic	Not applicable (solid)

2-propanol (67-63-0)	
Viscosity, kinematic	2.66 mm²/s (25 °C, Estimated value)

1H-imidazole (288-32-4)	
acetone (67-64-1)	
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available in the literature

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Symptoms/effects : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : May stain the skin. No effects known.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed.

Chronic symptoms : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

SECTION 12 Ecological information

12.1. Ecotoxicity

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short–term (acute) : Not classified

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long–term (chronic) : Not classified

1H-imidazole (288-32-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	283.6 mg/l (48 h, Leuciscus idus, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	341.5 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	133 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)
ErC50 algae	133 mg/l (DIN 38412: German standard methods for the examination of water, waste water and sludge, 72 h, Desmodesmus subspicatus, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)

2-propanol (67-63-0)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	9640 – 10000 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	10000 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna)
LC50 - Fish [2]	9640 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas

acetone (67-64-1)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	6210 – 8120 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Measured concentration)
LOEC (chronic)	> 79 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	≥ 79 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Aerospray® Gram Reagent A, Decolorizer with Acetone and Fuchsin	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

1H-imidazole (288-32-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in the soil, Readily biodegradable in water.

C.I. Basic Red 9 (569-61-9)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.

2-propanol (67-63-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil, Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions, Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.19 g O_2/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.23 g O_2/g substance
ThOD	2.4 g O_2/g substance

acetone (67-64-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil, Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions, Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.43 g O_2/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.92 g O_2/g substance
ThOD	2.2 g O_2/g substance

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Aerospray® Gram Reagent A, Decolorizer with Acetone and Fuchsin	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

1H-imidazole (288-32-4)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.02 (Weight of evidence approach, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

C.I. Basic Red 9 (569-61-9)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.21 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

2-propanol (67-63-0)	
BCF - Fish [1]	1015 (BCFBAF v3.01, Estimated value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.05 (Weight of evidence approach, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

acetone (67-64-1)	
BCF - Fish [1]	0.69 (Pisces, Literature study)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.23 (Test data)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

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12.4. Mobility in soil

1H-imidazole (288-32-4)	
Surface tension	No data available in the literature
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.36 – 2.32 (log Koc, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.

C.I. Basic Red 9 (569-61-9)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	5.377 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Adsorbs into the soil.

2-propanol (67-63-0)	
Surface tension	No data available (test not performed)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0.185 – 0.541 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

acetone (67-64-1)	
Surface tension	23.3 mN/m (20 °C)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0.374 – 0.988 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Ozone : Not classified
Fluorinated greenhouse gases : No

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Regional waste regulation : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Sewage disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation. Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container. Do not re-use empty containers.
Ecological waste information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14 Transport information

In accordance with DOT / TDG / IMDG / IATA

14.1. UN number

UN-No. (DOT) : UN1993

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UN-No. (TDG) : UN1993
UN-No. (IMDG) : 1993
UN-No. (IATA) : 1993

14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Isopropanol, acetone)
Proper Shipping Name (TDG) : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ISOPROPANOL, ACETONE)
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ISOPROPANOL, ACETONE)
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Isopropanol, acetone)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 3
Hazard labels (DOT) : 3



TDG

Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) : 3
Hazard labels (TDG) : 3



IMDG

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : 3
Hazard labels (IMDG) : 3



IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : 3
Hazard labels (IATA) : 3



14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : II
Packing group (TDG) : II
Packing group (IMDG) : II
Packing group (IATA) : II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6. Transport in bulk

Not applicable

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14.7. Special precautions for user

DOT

UN-No. (DOT)	:	UN1993
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	:	IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3) TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling. TP8 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when the flash point of the hazardous material transported is greater than 0 C (32 F). TP28 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	150
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	242
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	:	5 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	:	60 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	:	B - (i) The material may be stowed ‘‘on deck’’ or ‘‘under deck’’ on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) ‘‘On deck only’’ on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.

TDG

UN-No. (TDG)	:	UN1993
TDG Special Provisions	:	16 - (1) The technical name of at least one of the most dangerous substances that predominantly contributes to the danger or dangers posed by the dangerous goods must be shown, in parentheses, on the shipping document following the shipping name in accordance with clause 3.5(1)(c)(ii)(A). The technical name must also be shown, in parentheses, on a small means of containment or on a tag following the shipping name in accordance with subsections 4.11(2) and (3). (2) Despite subsection (1), the technical name for the following dangerous goods is not required to be shown on a shipping document or on a small means of containment when Canadian law for domestic transport or an international convention for international transport prohibits the disclosure of the technical name: (a) UN1544, ALKALOID SALTS, SOLID, N.O.S. or ALKALOIDS, SOLID, N.O.S; (b) UN1851, MEDICINE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S; (c) UN3140, ALKALOID SALTS, LIQUID, N.O.S. or ALKALOIDS, LIQUID, N.O.S; (d) UN3248, MEDICINE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S; or (e) UN3249, MEDICINE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (3) Despite subsection (1), the technical name for the following dangerous goods is not required to be shown on a small means of containment: (a) UN2814, INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE, AFFECTING HUMANS; or (b) UN2900, INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE, AFFECTING ANIMALS,150 - An approved ERAP is required for the dangerous goods referred to in paragraph 7.2(1)(f) of Part 7 (Emergency Response Assistance Plan).
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	:	1 L
Excepted quantities (TDG)	:	E2
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index	:	5 L
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	:	128

IMDG

Special provision (IMDG)	:	274
Limited quantities (IMDG)	:	1 L
Excepted quantities (IMDG)	:	E2
Packing instructions (IMDG)	:	P001
IBC packing instructions (IMDG)	:	IBC02
Tank instructions (IMDG)	:	T7
Tank special provisions (IMDG)	:	TP1, TP28, TP8
EmS-No. (Fire)	:	F-E - FIRE SCHEDULE Echo - NON-WATER-REACTIVE FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
EmS-No. (Spillage)	:	S-E - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Echo - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, FLOATING ON WATER
Stowage category (IMDG)	:	B

IATA

Special provision (IATA)	:	A3
PCA Excepted quantities (IATA)	:	E2
PCA Limited quantities (IATA)	:	Y341
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA)	:	1L
PCA packing instructions (IATA)	:	353
PCA max net quantity (IATA)	:	5L
CAO packing instructions (IATA)	:	364
CAO max net quantity (IATA)	:	60L
ERG code (IATA)	:	3H

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

15.1. Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

2-propanol	CAS-No. 67-63-0	60 – 90%

acetone (67-64-1)

CERCLA RQ	5000 lb

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

1H-imidazole (288-32-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

C.I. Basic Red 9 (569-61-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

2-propanol (67-63-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

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acetone (67-64-1)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

C.I. Basic Red 9 (569-61-9)
Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)

15.3. State regulations

WARNING: This product can expose you to C.I. Basic Red 9, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Component	State or local regulations
C.I. Basic Red 9(569-61-9)	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
2-propanol(67-63-0)	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
acetone(67-64-1)	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16 Other information

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Other information : None.

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H350	May cause cancer.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

Reason for change: updating to latest format and company header logo.